



Figure 24. Testing outside the cemetery wall, facing east.

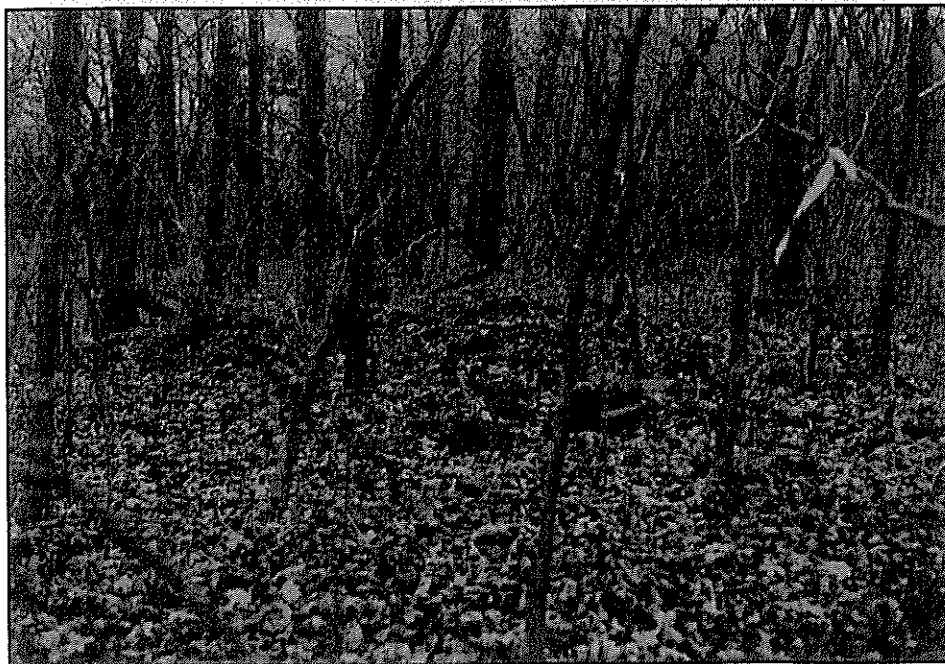


Figure 25. Overview of domestic site showing rubble pile in foreground, facing north.

Three 1-by-1 m units were excavated to test the domestic site. A representative soil profile (test unit 3) and soil description from the site is illustrated in Figure 26. At this site a typical soil profile consists of a 5-cm layer of very dark brown clay loam humus over a 15-cm intact cultural layer of dark brown clay loam that contains artifacts. Subsoil in this area is a dark yellowish brown silty clay. Test units 2 and 4 were placed adjacent to artifact concentrations located during shovel testing. Test unit 3 was placed within the rectangular depression which may be the location of an outbuilding. Excavation of test unit 3 could not be completed because of the high level of groundwater in this portion of the site. The artifact assemblage from this site includes bottle glass, ironstone, whiteware, and redware as well as cut nails, wire nails and window glass. The number of artifacts recovered from the three test units are low: test unit 2 yielded 47 artifacts; test unit 3 yielded 58 artifacts; and test unit 4 yielded only 33 artifacts. The only evidence of disturbance at this site is the modern trash that has been deposited by the side of the Old Carolina Road.

No records were located to verify the construction date or use of the domestic structure. Prior to the sale of the 3½-acre tract to the church in 1850, tax records indicate that the 50-acre tract from which the property was subdivided was unimproved (LCLB 1842-1851). Furthermore, the deed specifically referred to the property as "now in woods," suggesting that it had not been developed (LCRD 1850). No nineteenth-century maps have been located that show any building other than the church building on the property. Likewise, a 1925 postal map of the area that shows other residences in the vicinity does not indicate such a building on the church property (USPO 1925). Local informants old enough to have remembered the property in the 1930s have no recollections of a dwelling on the property at the time (Hutchison 1997).

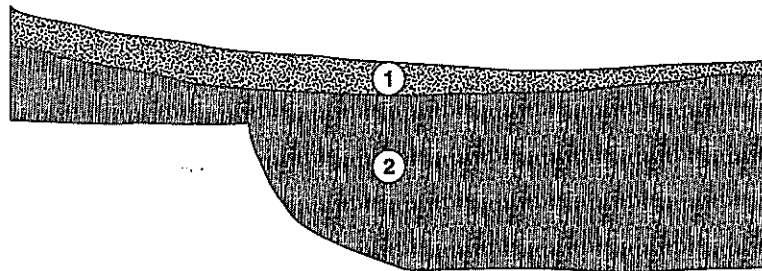
Although the church property was described as 3½ acres in the 1850 deed, the present tract contains more than six acres. Because the domestic property is at the far corner of the parcel, it could have been annexed to the property at a later date. This theory could not be verified by any existing documentation. Although there are several deeds recording land transactions involving the church trustees during the period between 1851 and 1980, no deeds indicate an enlargement to the church property. Furthermore, the present property is bounded by the Old Carolina Road trace on the northwest, the Little River Turnpike on the north, and the historic property line of the Riticor tract on the southeast, all of which would have been logical boundaries at the time the property was initially sold to the church. Local informants who have also conducted deed research to determine the source of this discrepancy have theorized that the original deed's reference to 3½ acres "more or less" may indicate that the original measurement was a rough estimation (Saffer 1997; Hutchison 1997).

The use and occupation of the domestic site is also unclear. The building does not appear to have served as a parsonage because during most of the period of use indicated by the artifacts, 1880 to 1915, the congregation owned another property to serve that purpose. Deeds indicate that from 1879 to 1907, the church trustees owned a house in Aldie referred to as a parsonage (LCRD 1881, 1907). Information about this building could be contained in the church minute books. These documents were filed at the county courthouse in the 1950s but were removed in the 1960s by Elder John Wood, and their present location is unknown (Hutchison 1997).

5.2.2 Mount Zion Old School Baptist Church

The 1-by-1 m unit was excavated along the church foundation. Excavation of this unit continued to subsoil, and the exposed portion of the foundation was examined visually. No visible differences were detected in the below-grade portion of the foundation. It was constructed of the same fieldstone and in the same manner as the above-grade portion. Artifacts relating to the use of the church

**Test Unit 3
West Wall Profile**



- 1 10YR 2/2 very dark brown clay loam; artifacts
- 2 7.5YR 3/4 dark brown clay loam mottled with
2.5YR 3/4 dark reddish brown clay; artifacts

Figure 26. Test unit 3, west wall profile.

structure were recovered from test unit 1 and two positive metal detector tests (Figure 23). The majority (92%) of the artifacts recovered from test unit 1 belonged to the architectural group. The remainder of the artifacts were bottle glass, wire, one plastic button and one pipe stem. The only datable artifact was a sherd of amethyst bottle glass which dates to the period 1880 to 1915. Metal-detector testing around the church yielded two non-modern artifacts, a bolt and a shutter hinge that matches those on the building.

A representative soil profile (test unit 1) and soil description is illustrated in Figure 27. In the area adjacent to the foundation, there is evidence of two repair episodes. The earlier, represented by layer 3 on Figure 27, is a repair trench cut into subsoil. The fill of this trench is a very dark brown silty clay that contained mainly architectural artifacts. The origins of this trench fill are unclear, although the amount of architectural artifacts recovered from this layer suggest it may have been redeposited topsoil from a historic ground surface of the late nineteenth or early twentieth century. The second repair episode, represented as layer 2 on Figure 27, is a layer of very dense yellowish red clay that overlays layer 3. The sterile clay may have been put in place to stop erosion along the dripline of the building or facilitate drainage away from the foundation. The topmost layer of this unit is the modern dark brown humus, which is sterile.

5.2.3 Artifact Scatter 1

Artifact scatter 1 consists of shovel test 2.1 and one positive radial, number 2.1.5. One sherd of whiteware and one fragment of amber bottle glass were recovered from these shovel tests. The locations of the positive units indicate that they are most likely related to trash disposal along the side of the Old Carolina Road.

5.2.4 Artifact Scatter 2

Artifact scatter 2 consists of 5 artifacts recovered from shovel test 11.2. Five artifacts were recovered from shovel test 11.2, all non-diagnostic sherds of glass. The location of the shovel test close to the Old Carolina Road and the presence of some modern artifacts near the area indicate that these artifacts as well are related to trash disposal along the side of the Old Carolina Road.

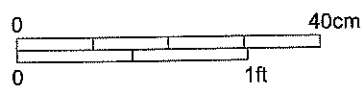
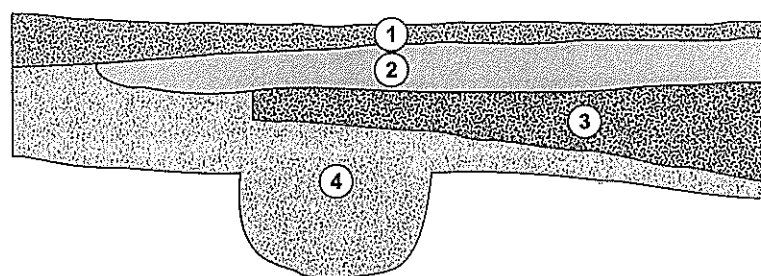
5.2.5 Artifact Scatter 3

Artifact scatter 3 was located using the metal detector in the area between transects 16 and 17 near three rectangular depressions which resembled Civil War era tent sites (Figure 23). Shovel tests excavated in the area adjacent to the depressions yielded no artifacts, so the metal detector was utilized in hopes of obtaining additional information about the nature and possible date of the depressions. The artifacts recovered, two horseshoe nails and two bolts, were not temporally diagnostic. Further complicating the dating questions regarding the depressions is the Civil War re-enactments that have been carried out at the site in modern years. Discussions with local informants were unclear as to whether the depressions were a result of recent re-enactors' activities or historic activities at the site.

5.2.6 Isolated Artifact Locations

Two isolated artifact locations were identified during shovel testing. Shovel test 12.4 contained one cut nail fragment and shovel test 18.3 contained two cut nail fragments. Radials excavated around 12.4 yielded no additional artifacts. No radials were excavated at 18.3 as it was located within the proposed easement of the cemetery.

Test Unit 1 West Wall Profile



- 1 10YR 3/3 dark brown silty clay; sterile
- 2 5YR 4/6 yellowish red clay; artifacts
- 3 10YR 2/2 very dark brown silty clay; artifacts
- 4 10YR 4/4 dark yellowish brown silty clay; artifacts at interface

Figure 27. Test unit 1, west wall profile.

5.2.7 *Burial Ground*

Testing of the burial ground outside of the cemetery wall identified 33 surface depressions that may be burials. Of the 33 depressions identified, 17 are marked. Two types of markers were observed. Modern style headstones or footstones were present at two burials. The remaining 15 burials were marked with unmodified fieldstones placed at one or both ends of the depression. The location of the burials was recorded on a field map which shows their location relative to the cemetery wall and the proposed boundary located on the survey map (Figure 28). The sizes of the burials ranged from 1½ to 2m long and ½ to 1 m in width. For mapping purposes the size of the depressions was made a uniform 1¾ m long and ¾ m wide, thus the outlines on Figure 28 are stylized. The location of the headstones, footstones and field stone markers was also recorded and plotted on the map.

The extent of the burial ground is based on visual observation supported by probing. Several of the depressions farthest from the cemetery wall were probed to support the conclusion that the team had indeed located the limits of burial ground. It is possible, however, that other burials exist that are not indicated by surface depressions.

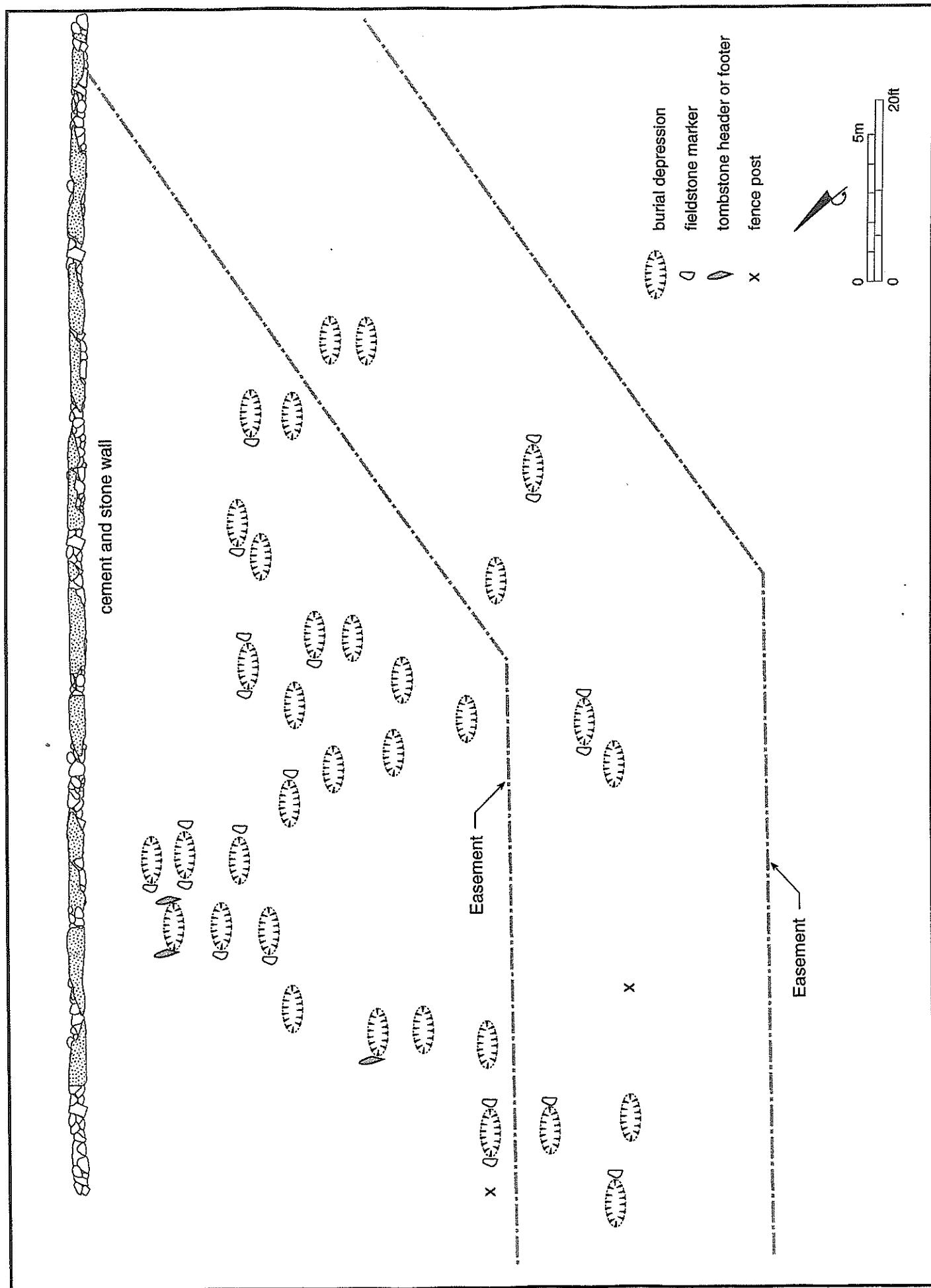


Figure 28. Map showing location of burials outside the cemetery wall.

6.0 SUMMARY AND MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

6.1 Summary of Architectural Investigations

The Mount Zion Old School Primitive Baptist Church is historically significant under National Register Criteria A and C. As an excellent example of a rural antebellum church, the property is significant under National Register Criterion A in the area of religion for its association with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history. The church is also significant under Criterion C in the area of architecture for its embodiment of the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method, of construction. The property's association with events of the Civil War during the period 1862-1864 gives it additional significance under National Register Criterion A in the area of military events.

6.2 Summary of Archeological Investigations

The Phase I investigations at Mount Zion Old School Baptist Church resulted in the identification of 2 previously unrecorded historic archeological sites, 3 historic artifact scatters and 2 isolated artifact locations.

The domestic site contained a light scatter of historic artifacts associated with the ruin of a structure and a second possible structure location marked by a depression. Subsurface testing at the site revealed an intact cultural layer that yielded artifacts dating to the last quarter of the nineteenth century and early twentieth century. The types of artifacts recovered, ironstone and amethyst bottle glass, and the lack of automatic machine made bottles indicate a date of ca. 1880 to 1904. Document and map research failed to shed any further light on this structure or its occupants. The site appears to be a small domestic occupation of about 20 years' duration. It may have been occupied by tenants, perhaps associated with the church. However, no evidence of such an association was discovered. Despite the subsurface integrity of the site this site, it is not considered likely to yield significant information; therefore, no further work is recommended.

The Mount Zion Old School Baptist Church site consists of the church structure, the churchyard, the walled cemetery and the burial ground outside of the cemetery wall. Artifacts recovered from test unit 1 excavated adjacent to the foundation were mainly from the architectural group and are not temporally diagnostic. The single datable artifact recovered was a sherd of amethyst bottle glass dating to the period 1880 to 1915. Despite this paucity of diagnostic artifacts, the area does exhibit subsurface integrity in the form of a repair trench and may contribute to the significance of the eligible property. It is therefore recommended that during restoration an archeologist be present to monitor any extensive subsurface disturbance.

Two of the artifact scatters consist of small numbers of non-diagnostic artifacts that have resulted from the disposal of trash along the Old Carolina Road. As such they do not have the potential to contribute significant information so no further work is recommended. The third artifact scatter also did not yield diagnostic artifacts and the depressions that were observed are of unknown origin. Testing of the area was unable to determine whether the depressions were historic or modern in nature. As there are no structural remains associated with these depressions and no artifacts were recovered that could be directly associated with them, no further work is recommended.

The Mount Zion Church property is a historic site that includes several kinds of historic resources, including its landscape. JMA recommends that guidelines be developed for use of the property by visitor and reenactors. Such guidelines should address the types of activities and disturbances that are consistent with preservation of a historic landscape.

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APPENDIX I:

**Letter from Richard C. Cote, Architectural Historian, Virginia
Department of Conservation and Historic Resources, to Wynne Saffer,
August 16, 1985.**



COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA

Department of Conservation and Historic Resources

Division of Historic Landmarks

H. Bryan Mitchell, Director

221 Governor Street
Richmond, Virginia 23219
Telephone (804) 786-3143

August 16, 1985

Mr. Wayne C. Saffer
Route 1, Box 289
Leesburg, VA 22075

RE: MOUNT ZION BAPTIST CHURCH, Loudoun County

Dear Mr. Saffer:

At its August 13, 1985 meeting, the State Review Board has determined that Mount Zion Baptist Church, Loudoun County appears to meet the criteria for entry on the Virginia Landmarks Register and the National Register of Historic Places. However, given the high volume of requests for registration and our office's increasing emphasis on registering whole districts that are architecturally, historically, or archaeologically significant, the board has not placed Mount Zion Baptist Church in the high priority category for further work by the staff here.

Under these circumstances, you may wish to consider hiring a qualified professional to prepare the report. This course of action is recommended since the nomination reports are quite technical and require expertise in architecture as well as history. We have assembled a list of consultants who have expressed an interest in preparing register reports. While our staff will be unable to prepare the nomination report, we will be most happy to discuss your needs in terms of a consultant and to assist you in whatever way we can.

Thank you for your interest in the register program. Please let us know if you would like to receive the consultant's list.

Sincerely,

Richard C. Cote
Architectural Historian

RCC/cac

APPENDIX II:

**Letter from James Christian Hill, VDHR National Register Assistant, to
Wynne Saffer, August 19, 1992.**



COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA

Department of Historic Resources

221 Governor Street
Richmond, Virginia 23219

TDD: (804) 786-1934
Telephone (804) 786-3143
FAX: (804) 225-4261

ugh C. Miller, Director

August 19, 1992

Wynne C. Saffer, Trustee
Mount Zion Baptist Church
Route 1, Box 289
Leesburg, VA 22075

RE: Mount Zion Church, Loudoun County, (DHR File № 53-339)

Dear Mr. Saffer:

At its August 18 meeting, the State Review Board determined that Mount Zion Church appears to meet the criteria for listing on the Virginia Landmarks Register and the National Register of Historic Places. The board concurs with the Department staff that this property is eligible at the local level for significance in the area of architecture.

The staff of the Department of Historic Resources does not plan to prepare the national register nomination which is the required next step in the registration process, as our work program is fully scheduled for the remainder of the year and we normally limit our preparation of nominations to those properties for which the Department is accepting an easement. If you are interested in pursuing registration, I would recommend hiring a consultant or preparing the nomination yourself. I would be happy to assist someone with the preparation and upon request will send you a list of consultants and materials necessary to complete the nomination.

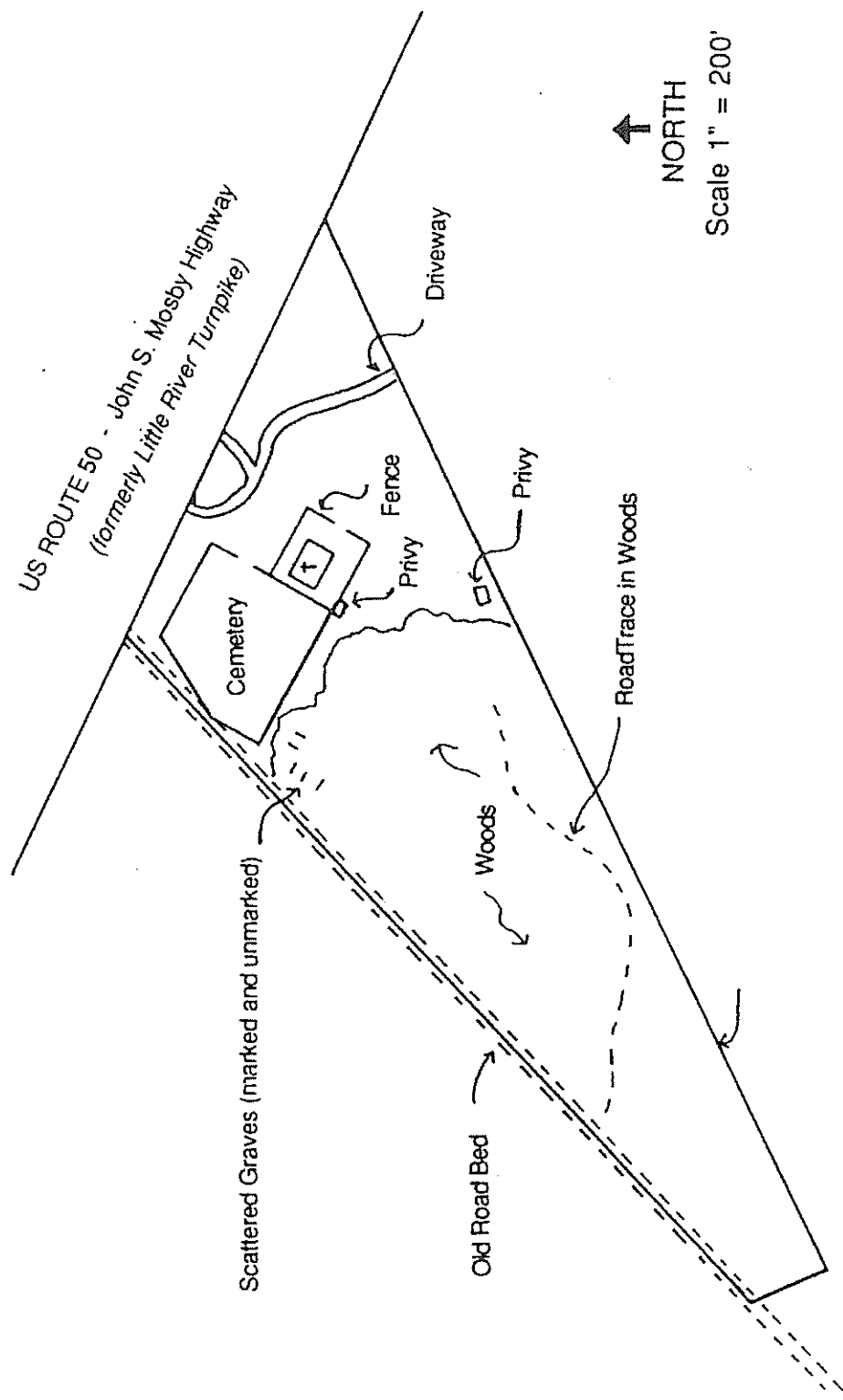
Thank you for your interest in the register program. Should you have any questions or concerns regarding the registration process, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

James Christian Hill
National Register Assistant

APPENDIX III:

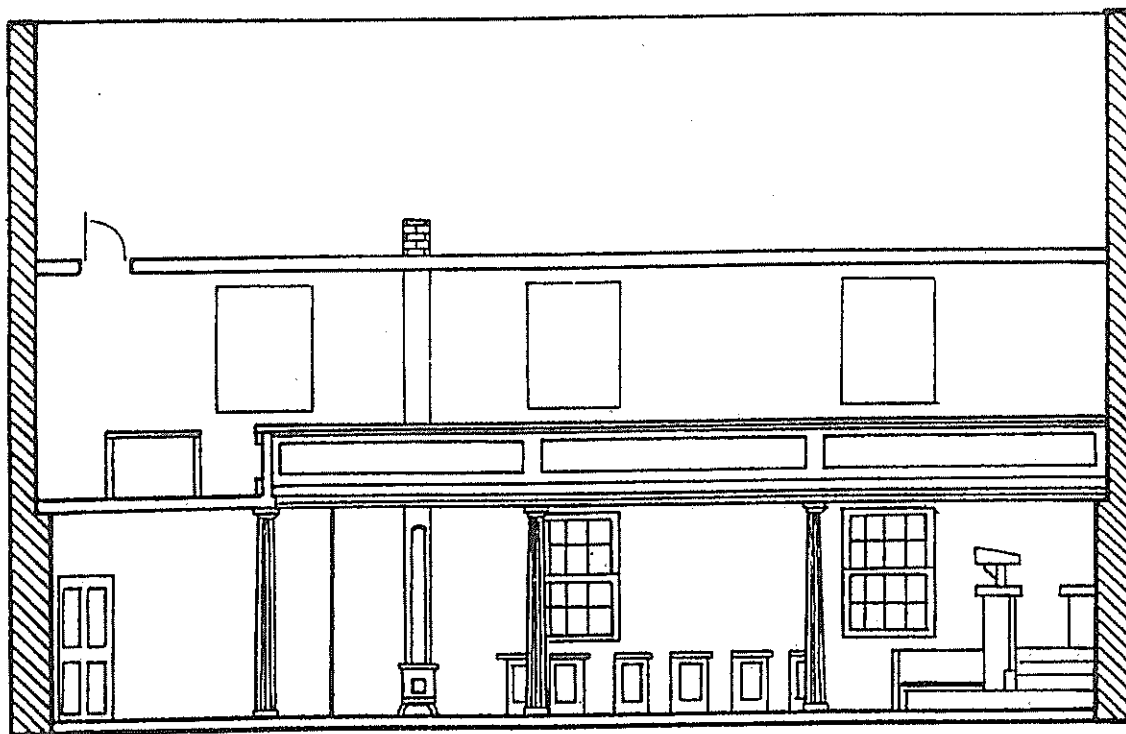
Site Plan, Floor Plan, and Section, Mount Zion Old School Baptist Church, Drawn by John Carlton Grier under the direction of K. Edward Lay, Professor of Architecture, University of Virginia.



↑ NORTH
Scale 1" = 200'

SITE PLAN MOUNT ZION OLD SCHOOL PRIMITIVE BAPTIST CHURCH

(Drawn by John Carlton Grier under the direction of K. Edward Lay,
Professor of Architecture, University of Virginia)



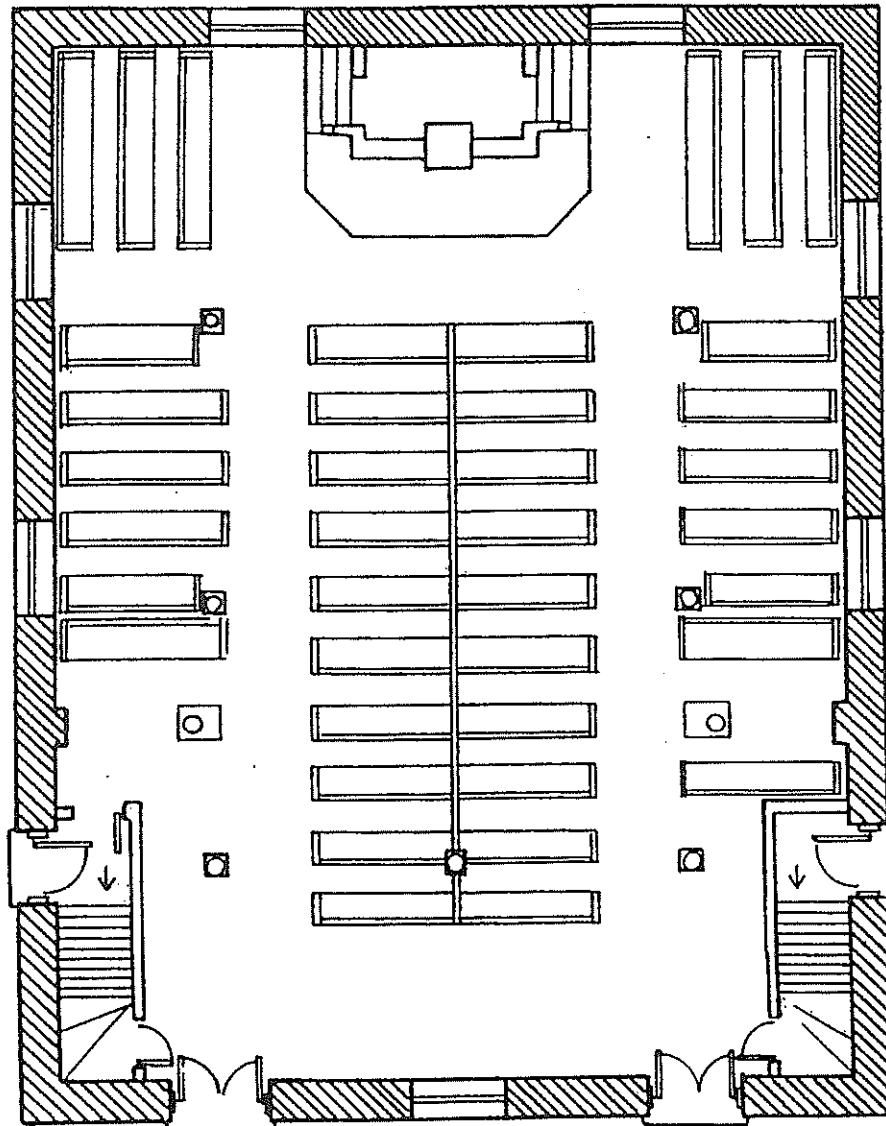
SECTION LOOKING SOUTH
MOUNT ZION OLD SCHOOL PRIMITIVE BAPTIST CHURCH

Scale 1/8" = 1'

(Drawn by John Carlton Grier under the direction of K. Edward Lay,
Professor of Architecture, University of Virginia)



north



FLOOR PLAN
MOUNT ZION OLD SCHOOL PRIMITIVE BAPTIST CHURCH
Scale 1/8" = 1'

(Drawn by John Carlton Grier under the direction of K. Edward Lay,
Professor of Architecture, University of Virginia)

APPENDIX IV:
Artifact Inventory

ARCHEOLOGICAL SPECIMEN CATALOG
Site Name: Domestic Site, Test Units
Site Number: 44LD546
County: Loudoun, Virginia

Lot Number	Unit Number	Level	Count	Description	Artifact Number
02.01	02	01	1	WINDOW GLASS	ALL THICKNESSES
02.01	02	01	2	CUT COMMON NAIL	FRAGMENT
02.01	02	01	4	WHITEWARE	PLAIN
02.01	02	01	1	WHITEWARE	FLOW BLACK (MULBERRY WARE)
02.01	02	01	2	IRONSTONE	PLAIN WHITE
02.01	02	01	1	IRONSTONE	SPONGE DECORATED
02.01	02	01	1	BLOWN IN MOLD BOTTLE	CLEAR
02.01	02	01	3	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE	AQUA
02.01	02	01	2	PRESSED TABLEWARE	UNIDENTIFIED
02.01	02	01	1	MISCELLANEOUS, METAL	UNIDENTIFIED
02.02	02	02	6	WINDOW GLASS	ALL THICKNESSES
02.02	02	02	2	CUT COMMON NAIL	FRAGMENT
02.02	02	02	2	IRONSTONE	PLAIN WHITE
02.02	02	02	2	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE	AQUA
02.02	02	02	1	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE	AMBER
02.02	02	02	1	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE	AMETHYST
02.02	02	02	1	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE	CLEAR
02.02	02	02	1	MISCELLANEOUS GLASS	UNIDENTIFIED
02.03	02	03	6	CUT COMMON NAIL	FRAGMENT
02.03	02	03	1	IRONSTONE	PLAIN WHITE
02.03	02	03	1	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE	CLEAR
02.03	02	03	1	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE	DARK GREEN
02.03	02	03	1	STABLE, METAL	HARNESS PART
02.04	02	04	1	CUT COMMON NAIL	FRAGMENT
02.04	02	04	1	WHITEWARE	PLAIN
02.04	02	04	1	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE	AMBER
03.01	03	01	2	BLOWN IN MOLD BOTTLE	AQUA
03.01	03	01	3	BLOWN IN MOLD BOTTLE	AMETHYST
03.01	03	01	1	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE	AQUA
03.01	03	01	1	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE	AMBER
03.02	03	02	2	WINDOW GLASS	ALL THICKNESSES
03.02	03	02	2	CUT COMMON NAIL	COMPLETE

ARCHEOLOGICAL SPECIMEN CATALOG
Site Name: Domestic Site, Test Units
Site Number: 44LD546
County: Loudoun, Virginia

Lot Number	Unit Number	Level	Count	Description	Artifact Number
03.02	03	02	4	CUT COMMON NAIL	FRAGMENT 0
03.02	03	02	2	HARD-PASTE PORCELAIN	PLAIN 0
03.02	03	02	1	IRONSTONE	MOLDED 0
03.02	03	02	1	BUFF-BODIED EARTHENWARE	ALBANY SLIP 0
03.02	03	02	3	DECORATED/EMBOSSSED GLASS	AMETHYST 0
				FRAG	
03.02	03	02	1	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE	AQUA 0
				FRAGMENT	
03.02	03	02	1	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE	AMBER 0
				FRAGMENT	
03.02	03	02	1	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE	CLEAR 0
				FRAGMENT	
03.03	03	03	3	WINDOW GLASS	ALL THICKNESSES 0
03.03	03	03	3	CUT COMMON NAIL	COMPLETE 0
03.03	03	03	1	CUT COMMON NAIL	FRAGMENT 0
03.03	03	03	1	HARD-PASTE PORCELAIN	PLAIN 0
03.03	03	03	2	INDUSTRIAL STONEWARE	THIN OJ-BR GLAZE, 0
				BOTTLE	NASSAU-LIKE
03.03	03	03	5	IRONSTONE	PLAIN WHITE 0
03.03	03	03	1	IRONSTONE	BLUE TRANSFER PRINT 0
03.03	03	03	1	REDWARE	PLAIN CLEAR GLAZE 0
03.03	03	03	1	REDWARE	BROWN GLAZE 0
03.03	03	03	5	BUFF-BODIED EARTHENWARE	ALBANY SLIP 0
03.03	03	03	1	BLOWN IN MOLD BOTTLE	CLEAR 0
				FRAGMENT	
03.03	03	03	1	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE	AQUA 0
				FRAGMENT	
03.03	03	03	2	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE	AMBER 0
				FRAGMENT	
03.03	03	03	2	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE	CLEAR 0
				FRAGMENT	
03.03	03	03	1	STORAGE, METAL	CAN 0
03.03	03	03	1	LAMP CHIMNEY, GLASS	CLEAR 0
03.04	03	04	1	BLOWN IN MOLD BOTTLE	AMBER 0
				FRAGMENT	
03.04	03	04	1	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE	FROSTED 0
				FRAGMENT	
04.01	04	01	7	WINDOW GLASS	ALL THICKNESSES 0
04.01	04	01	5	CUT COMMON NAIL	FRAGMENT 0
04.01	04	01	1	OTHER HARDWARE, METAL	UNIDENTIFIED 0
04.01	04	01	2	WHITEWARE	BLUE TRANSFER PRINT 0
04.01	04	01	1	WHITEWARE	PLAIN 0
04.01	04	01	1	REDWARE	PLAIN CLEAR GLAZE 0
04.01	04	01	4	REDWARE	BROWN GLAZE 0
04.01	04	01	3	REDWARE	UNGLAZED 0
04.01	04	01	1	DECORATED/EMBOSSSED GLASS	AQUA 0
				FRAG	

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ARCHEOLOGICAL SPECIMEN CATALOG
Site Name: Domestic Site, Test Units
Site Number: 44LD546
County: Loudoun, Virginia

Lot Number	Unit Number	Level	Count	Description	Artifact Number
04.01	04	01	4	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE FRAGMENT	0
04.01	04	01	1	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE FRAGMENT	0
04.03	04	03	1	WHITEWARE	0
04.03	04	03	1	REDWARE	0
04.03	04	03	1	REDWARE	0
*** Total ***					
				138	

ARCHEOLOGICAL SPECIMEN CATALOG
Site Name: Domestic Site, Shovel Tests
Site Number: 44LD546
County: Loudoun, Virginia

Lot Number	Transect	Shovel Test	Radial	Count	Description	Artifact Number
05.02	05	02		3	WINDOW GLASS ALL THICKNESSES	0
05.02	05	02		1	HARD-PASTE PORCELAIN MOLDED	0
05.02	05	02		2	HARD-PASTE PORCELAIN PLAIN	0
05.02	05	02		1	DOMESTIC GRAY STONEWARE BROWN SLIP INTERIOR	0
05.02	05	02		1	PEARLWARE BLUE TRANSFER PRINT	0
05.02	05	02		1	REDWARE BROWN GLAZE	0
05.02	05	02		1	BLOWN IN MOLD BOTTLE AMETHYST	0
					FRAGMENT	
05.02.01	05	02	01	3	CUT COMMON NAIL COMPLETE	0
05.02.01	05	02	01	1	MISCELLANEOUS, METAL NON-ELECTRICAL WIRE	0
05.02.03	05	02	03	1	CUT COMMON NAIL FRAGMENT	0
05.02.03	05	02	03	1	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE AQUA	0
					FRAGMENT	
05.02.03	05	02	03	1	PRESSED TABLEWARE PANELLED	0
05.02.04	05	02	04	1	WINDOW GLASS ALL THICKNESSES	0
05.02.04	05	02	04	1	WHITEWARE PLAIN	0
05.02.05	05	02	05	2	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE AQUA	0
					FRAGMENT	
05.02.05	05	02	05	1	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE AMBER	0
					FRAGMENT	
05.02.09	05	02	09	1	FAUNAL BONE	0
05.02.09	05	02	09	1	DOMESTIC GRAY STONEWARE BROWN SALT GLAZE	0
05.02.09	05	02	09	8	IRONSTONE PLAIN WHITE	0
05.02.13	05	02	13	1	LAMP CHIMNEY, GLASS CLEAR	0
05.03	05	03		1	HARD-PASTE PORCELAIN PLAIN	0
05.03	05	03		2	IRONSTONE PLAIN WHITE	0
05.03.01	05	03	01	2	REDWARE BROWN GLAZE	0
05.03.06	05	03	06	1	IRONSTONE PLAIN WHITE	0
05.03.06	05	03	06	2	REDWARE BROWN GLAZE	0
05.03.10	05	03	10	1	CUT COMMON NAIL FRAGMENT	0
05.03.10	05	03	10	1	WHITEWARE EDGE DECORATED	0

*** Total ***

ARCHEOLOGICAL SPECIMEN CATALOG
Site Name: Mount Zion Old School Baptist Church, Test Units
Site Number: 44LD547
County: Loudoun, Virginia

Lot Number	Unit Number	Level	Count	Description	Artifact Number	
01.02	01	02	3	WINDOW GLASS	ALL THICKNESSES	0
01.03	01	03	93	WINDOW GLASS	ALL THICKNESSES	0
01.03	01	03	1	CUT COMMON NAIL	COMPLETE	0
01.03	01	03	4	CUT COMMON NAIL	FRAGMENT	0
01.03	01	03	2	WIRE COMMON NAIL	COMPLETE	0
01.03	01	03	3	UNIDENTIFIED NAIL	UNIDENTIFIED	0
01.03	01	03	1	OTHER HARDWARE, METAL	UNIDENTIFIED	0
01.03	01	03	1	BUTTON	PLASTIC	0
01.03	01	03	1	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE	AMBER	0
				FRAGMENT		
01.03	01	03	1	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE	AMETHYST	0
				FRAGMENT		
01.03	01	03	1	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE	BRIGHT GREEN	0
				FRAGMENT		
01.03	01	03	1	UNIDENTIFIED GLASS OBJECT	BURNT	0
01.03	01	03	1	PIPE STEM	6/64TH IN. ELLIPT.	0
					BALL CLAY	
01.03	01	03	2	MISCELLANEOUS, METAL	NON-ELECTRICAL WIRE	0
01.04	01	04	3	WINDOW GLASS	ALL THICKNESSES	0

*** Total ***

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ARCHEOLOGICAL SPECIMEN CATALOG
Site Name: Mt Zion Old School Baptist Church, Metal Detector
Site Number: 44LD547
County: Loudoun, Virginia

Lot Number	Location	Count	Description	Artifact Number
05.00	05 00	1	OTHER HARDWARE, METAL HINGE	0
06.00	06 00	1	MISCELLANEOUS, METAL BOLT	0
*** Total ***			2	

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ARCHEOLOGICAL SPECIMEN CATALOG
Site Name: Artifact Scatter 1, Shovel Tests
Site Number:
County: Loudoun, Virginia

Lot Number	Transect	Shovel Test	Radial	Count	Description	Artifact Number
02.01	02	01		1	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE FRAGMENT	0
02.01.05	02	01	05	1	WHITEWARE	0
*** Total ***				2		

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02/06/97

ARCHEOLOGICAL SPECIMEN CATALOG
Site Name: Artifact Scatter 2, Shovel Tests
Site Number:
County: Loudoun, Virginia

Lot Number	Transect	Shovel Test	Radial	Count	Description	Artifact Number
11.02	11	02		2	WINDOW GLASS	0
11.02	11	02		1	UNIDENTIFIED BOTTLE FRAGMENT	0
11.02	11	02		2	LAMP CHIMNEY, GLASS	0
*** Total ***				5		

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ARCHEOLOGICAL SPECIMEN CATALOG
Site Name:Artifact Scatter 3
Site Number:
County: Loudoun, Virginia

Lot Number	Location	Count	Description	Artifact Number
01.00	01 00	1	STABLE, METAL HORSESHOE NAIL	0
02.00	02 00	1	STABLE, METAL HORSESHOE NAIL	0
03.00	03 00	1	MISCELLANEOUS, METAL BOLT	0
04.00	04 00	1	MISCELLANEOUS, METAL BOLT	0
*** Total ***				
			4	

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ARCHEOLOGICAL SPECIMEN CATALOG
Isolated Artifact Locations

County: Loudoun, Virginia

Lot Number	Transect	Shovel Test	Radial	Count	Description	Artifact Number
12.04	12	04		1	CUT COMMON NAIL	0
18.03	18	03		2	CUT COMMON NAIL	0
*** Total ***				3		

APPENDIX V:

Archeological Site Inventory Form

ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE INVENTORY FORM

City/County: Loudoun County
 Site Name:
 Temporary Designation:

VDHR Site Number: 44LD546
 Other VDHR Number:

Cultural/Temporal Affiliation: Indeterminate: 19th Century 4th Quarter, 20th Century
 1st Quarter

Site Class: ☒ Terrestrial, Open-Air ☐ Terrestrial, Cave/Rockshelter ☐ Underwater

Thematic Contexts: Domestic

Site Function: Single Dwelling

Specialized Contexts:

USGS Quadrangle: Arcola
 UTM Zone: 18

Easting: 273620

Loran:
 Northing: 4315700

(Attach photocopy of appropriate section of USGS 7.5 minutes series topographical map showing site boundaries.)

Physiographic Province: Piedmont
 Landform: Terrace
 Elevation: 350 ft ASL
 Site Soils: Penn Loam
 Nearest Water Source: Howsers Branch

Drainage: Potomac/Shenandoah River
 Aspect: Facing West
 Slope: 0-2%
 Adjacent Soils: Legore Silt Loam
 Distance: 650 ft to West

Ownership Status: ☐ Private ☒ Public/Local: Loudoun County, VA
☐ Public/State:
☐ Public/Federal:

Owner Name (if private):
 Owner Address:

Owner Telephone:

Informant Name:
 Informant Address:

Informant Telephone:

Surveyed By: Dana B. Heck Affiliation: John Milner Associates, Inc.
 Address: 5250 Cherokee Avenue, Suite 410, Alexandria, VA 22312

Date:
 December 1996

Site Dimensions: 150 ft (north/south) by 150 ft (east/west)

Survey Strategy: ☐ Historic Map Projection ☒ Informant ☒ Observation
☐ Surface Testing ☒ Subsurface Testing

Survey Description:

Site was investigated as part of a Phase I archeological investigation of the Mount Zion Old School Baptist Church. Shovel tests were excavated at 15 meter intervals along transects 15 meters apart. Radial shovel tests were excavated at 5 meter intervals. Based on results of shovel testing three 1 meter by 1 meter test unit were excavated.

Site Condition:

Surface deposits present, with subsurface integrity; intact cultural level.

Current Land Use: Homestead Ruin

Specimens Obtained: ☒ Yes ☐ No Depository:

Assemblage Description:

23 Window glass	6 Buff bodied earthenware	17 Redware
31 Cut nails	12 Whiteware	
1 Faunal bone	24 Ironstone	
7 Hard paste porcelain	8 Amethyst bottle glass	
2 Gray bodied stoneware	36 Bottle glass	
1 Pearlware	3 Pressed tableware	
2 Industrial stoneware	2 Lamp chimney fragments	

Specimens Reported: ☐ Yes ☒ No
Owner Name:
Assemblage Description:

Owner Address:

Field Notes: ☒ Yes ☐ No

Depository: JMA Alexandria, VA

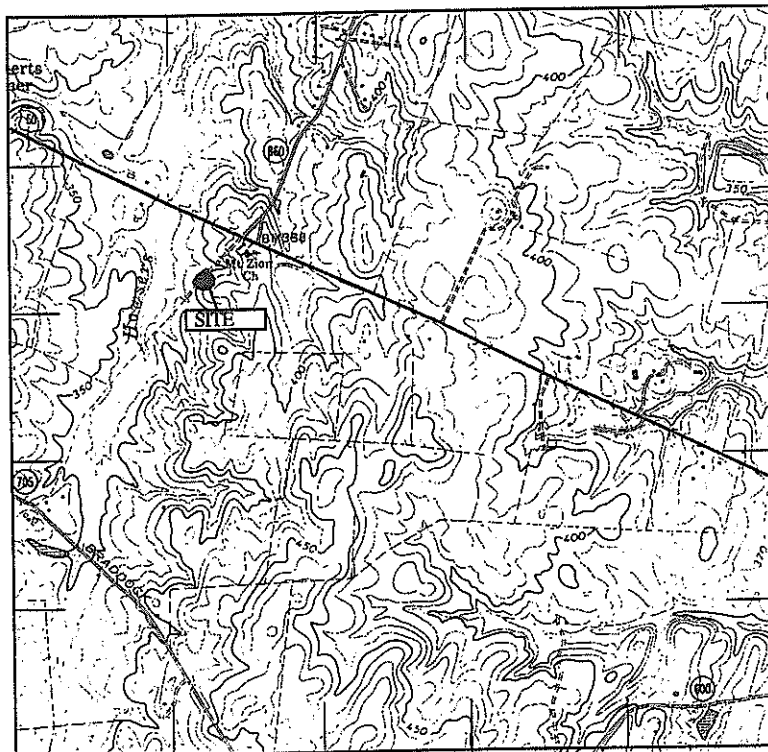
Photographic Documentation: ☒ Yes ☐ No

Depository JMA Alexandria, VA

Reports(s): ☒ Yes ☐ No
Reference(s):

Depository: JMA Alexandria, VA

Additional Comments:



Scale:

Form Completed by: Dana B. Heck
Address: 5250 Cherokee Avenue, Suite 410, Alexandria, VA 22312

Affiliation: John Milner Associates, Inc. Date:

For VDHR Staff Only

Virginia Register Status:
National Register Status:
Easement Status:
VDHR Library Reference Number (s):
VDHR Number Assigned By:
Data Entered by:
Revisions/Updates By:

Date:
Date:
Date:

ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE INVENTORY FORM

City/County: Loudoun County
 Site Name: Mount Zion Old School Baptist Church and Cemetery
 Temporary Designation:

VDHR Site Number: 44LD547
 Other VDHR Number:

Cultural/Temporal Affiliation: Euro-American, African American: 19th Century, 3rd Quarter, through 20th Century, 3rd Quarter

Site Class: ☒ Terrestrial, Open-Air ☐ Terrestrial, Cave/Rockshelter ☐ Underwater

Thematic Contexts: Religion, Funerary

Site Function: Religious Facility, Cemetery

Specialized Contexts:

USGS Quadrangle: Arcola
 UTM Zone: 18

Easting: 273780

Loran:
 Northing: 4315860

(Attach photocopy of appropriate section of USGS 7.5 minutes series topographical map showing site boundaries.)

Physiographic Province: Piedmont
 Landform: Terrace
 Elevation: 380 ft ASL
 Site Soils: Legore Silt Loam
 Nearest Water Source: Unnamed tributary of Howsers Branch

Drainage: Potomac/Shenandoah River
 Aspect: Flat
 Slope: 0-2%
 Adjacent Soils: Penn Loam
 Distance: 500 ft to East

Ownership Status: ☐ Private

☒ Public/Local: Loudoun County, VA
☐ Public/State:
☐ Public/Federal:

Owner Name (if private):
 Owner Address:

Owner Telephone:

Informant Name:
 Informant Address:

Informant Telephone:

Surveyed By: Dana B. Heck
 Address: 5250 Cherokee Avenue, Suite 410, Alexandria, VA 22312

Affiliation: John Milner Associates, Inc.

Date:
 December 1996

Site Dimensions: 300 ft (north/south) by 300 ft (east/west)

Survey Strategy: ☐ Historic Map Projection
☐ Surface Testing

☐ Informant ☒ Observation
☐ Subsurface Testing

Survey Description:

Site was investigated as part of Phase I archeological investigations. Shovel tests were excavated at 15 meter intervals along transects 15 meters apart. One 1 meter by 1 meter test unit was excavated adjacent to the church foundation. Limits of the unmarked burials was defined by surface observations and soil probing. Additional testing with a metal detector was conducted in the church yard.

Site Condition:

Surface deposits present, with subsurface integrity; intact cultural level.

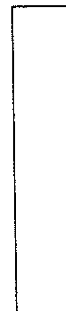
Current Land Use: church, cemetery

Specimens Obtained: ☒ Yes ☐ No

Depository:

Assemblage Description:

99 Window glass
 3 Bottle glass
 5 Cut nails
 2 Wire nails
 1 Plastic Button
 1 Pipe stem
 1 Shutter hinge



Specimens Reported: ☒ Yes ☐ No
Owner Name:
Assemblage Description:

Owner Address:

Field Notes: ☒ Yes ☐ No

Depository: JMA Alexandria, VA

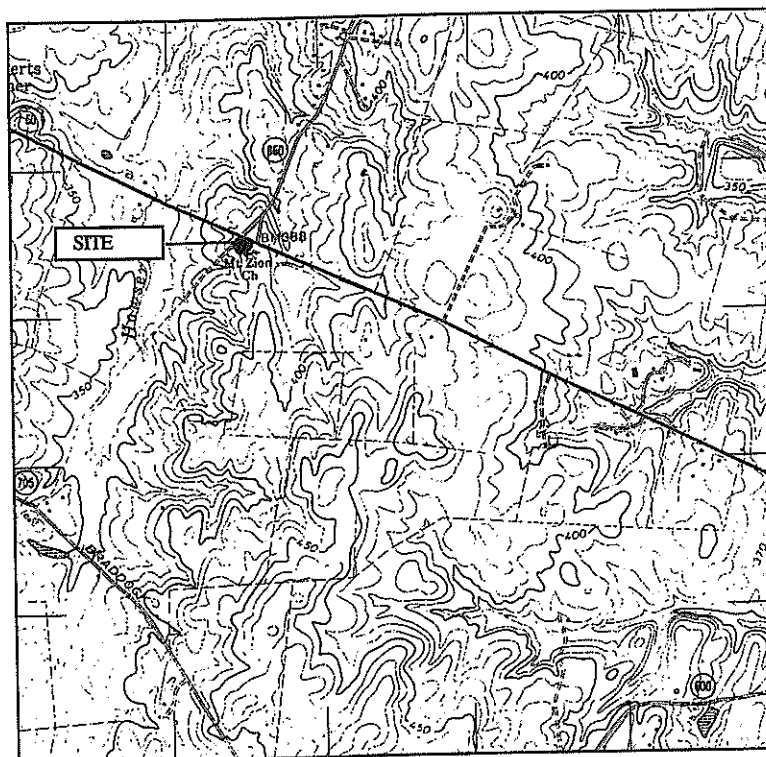
Photographic Documentation: ☒ Yes ☐ No

Depository JMA Alexandria, VA

Reports(s): ☒ Yes ☐ No
Reference(s):

Depository: JMA Alexandria, VA

Additional Comments:



Scale:

Form Completed by: Dana B. Heck
Address: 5250 Cherokee Avenue, Suite 410, Alexandria, VA 22312

Affiliation: John Milner Associates, Inc. Date:

For VDHR Staff Only

Virginia Register Status:
National Register Status:
Easement Status:
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Date:
Date:
Date: